Linzer biol. Beitr. 50/2 1055-1059 17.12.2018

A new species of *Odontacrossus* Dellacasa, Král, Dellacasa & Bordat, 2014

(Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae: Aphodiinae)

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A b s t r a c t : *Odontacrossus esseri* nov.sp. from Myanmar and China is described and illustrated. A key to the species of *Odontacrossus* DELLACASA et al., 2014 is given.

K e y w o r d s : Coleoptera, Scarabaeidae, Aphodiinae, *Odontacrossus*, Oriental region, Myanmar, China, taxonomy, new species, key to species.

Introduction

The recently described, Oriental genus *Odontacrossus* DELLACASA et al., 2014 previously included three species. A study of Aphodiinae material from Myanmar and China yielded a fourth species of this genus.

Material and methods

The specimens were examined with a Nikon SMZ 800 stereomicroscope. The photographs were taken with a Canon EOS 1000D, a Rodenstock Ysaron 60 mm objective, a Leitz Ultropak 6.5 mm objective and with Helicon Focus 6 Pro software.

Morphological terms for this description were adopted from DELLACASA et al. 2001.

Type material is deposited in the author's collection (CAB) and in the private collections of M. Langer (Niederwiesa, Germany) (CML) and Christoph Reuter (Hamburg, Germany) (CCR).

Descriptions

Odontacrossus esseri nov.sp. (Figs 1-4)

Type material: Holotype $\underline{\delta}$: Myanmar (Burma), Provinz Kachin State, Pangwa env. (TF)(H = 2.450 m) 28.IX.2010, N 25°37'42.3'' E 098°23'22.5'' leg. Michael Langer, S. Naumann & S. Löffler / coll M. Langer / Odontacrossus esseri sp. nov. HOLOTYPE det. A. Bellmann 2018 (CAB); Paratypes $\underline{\delta}$ \(\text{\text{\$\geq}}\): same data as holotype, 3\(\text{\text{\$\geq}}\) (CAB, CML); China-Yunnan, Yanmen, 13.6.-23.6.2005, lgt. E. Kucera / Aphodius pseudoobenbergeri / Odontacrossus esseri sp.nov. PARATYPE det. A. Bellmann 2018, 1\(\frac{\geq}{\geq}\), 2\(\text{\text{\$\geq}}\) (CAB); China, W-Yunnan, NE of Fuggong, Nujiang massiv, 3440 m, 26°57'32''N, 98°56'44''E, 14.VI.2017, leg. Reuter / Odontacrossus esseri sp. nov. PARATYPE det. A. Bellmann 2018, 1\(\frac{\geq}{\geq}\), 1\(\text{\$\geq}\) (CAB, CCR).

E t y m o l o g y: The new species is dedicated to my friend and colleague Jens Esser (Berlin, Germany), specialist of Cryptophagidae, who accompanied me in the study of Coleoptera for the last 30 years.

Description: 6.8-7.3 mm. Body elongate, convex. Dorsal surface with weak microreticulation, moderately shiny. Elytra apically and laterally with short setae. Colour of body entirely piceous-black, elytra with the apex rather broadly dark reddish-brown, pronotum laterally sometimes reddish brown. Legs piceous, antennal club black.

M a l e: Habitus as in Figs 1-3. Head large, without tubercles; clypeal margin semicircular with a triangular process protruding from the middle of the clypeal margin; genae nearly angulate, eyes distinctly protruding. Frontal suture finely impressed. Epistoma nearly flat. Punctation simple, with regularly distributed punctures, interstices 3 -5 times as wide as diameter of punctures.

Pronotum transverse, anterior angles rounded and feebly protruding. Sides subparallel, posterior angles truncate. Basal margin protruding posteriorly, weakly sinuate on either side. Lateral margins thickly bordered, basal and anterior margin not bordered. Lateral margins without any setae. Punctation double with regularly distributed small punctures, and scattered bigger punctures on disc and on sides, in basal half medially with a short impunctate line.

Scutellum triangular, basally with several punctures.

Elytron long, 1.3 times as long as combined width of elytra, widest at middle. Humerus with denticle. Striae narrow, moderately deep and weakly crenulate. Punctation of intervals slightly finer and sparser than that of head and pronotum; intervals feebly convex, laterally and apically with short setae.

Protibiae of normal shape, externally with three triangular teeth and 6 small denticles, apical spur acuminate, slightly curved outwards. First metatarsomere as long as the following three combined, as long as superior spur. Claws as in Fig. 6.

Metasternal plate feebly concave, finely microreticulated, with some small irregular punctures, marginal punctures with few short erect setae, medially with indistinctly impressed line.

Aedeagus as in Figs 4-5.

Epipharynx as in Fig. 10.

F e m a l e: Clypeal margin without a triangular process protruding from the middle of the clypeal margin; punctation of pronotum coarser and denser. Metasternal plate feebly concave, shiny, finely microreticulated, with some irregular punctures, medial with weakly impressed line, glabrous.

D i a g n o s i s: *Odontacrossus esseri* nov.sp. is most similar to *O. obenbergeri* (BALTHASAR, 1932). It differs from the latter in size, shape of the claws (Figs 6-7), punctation of the head and pronotum and in the male genitalia. Both species are easily separated by using the key provided below.

D is cussion: One specimen (author's collection) of *Odontacrossus* pseudoobenbergeri (ČERVENKA, 1995) was found together with the type material of *O. esseri* in one of the localities China-Yunnan, Yanmen. The species was recorded from this locality also by DELLACASA et al. 2014.

Key to the species of *Odontacrossus* (based on DELLACASA et al. 2014)

- Clypeal margin nearly semicircular, gradually arcuate before reaching the genal sutures

- Head with epistoma nearly flat at middle. Head and pronotum more finely and more sparsely punctured. Aedeagus long, about 1.4 times as long as metatibia. Claws as in Fig. 6. Length 6.8–7.3 mm. Myanmar (Kachin), China (Yunnan) O. esseri nov.sp.

Acknowledgements

My thanks are due to Michael Langer and Christoph Reuter for making parts of the material of *O. esseri* available to me and for the generous gift of the holotype, as well as Volker Assing (Hannover, Germany) for linguistic improvements.

Zusammenfassung

Odontacrossus esseri nov.sp. aus Myanmar und China wird beschrieben und abgebildet. Ein neuer Bestimmungsschlüssel für die Gattung Odontacrossus wird gegeben.

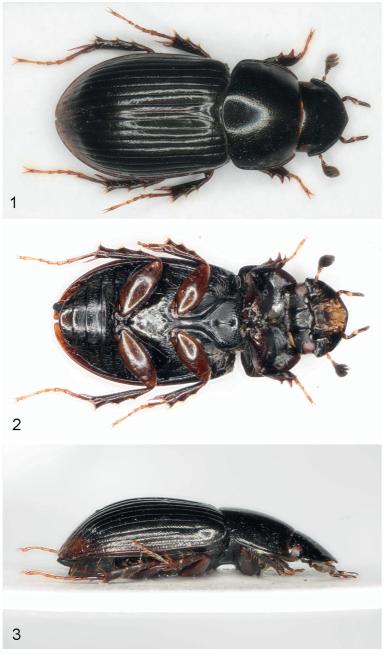
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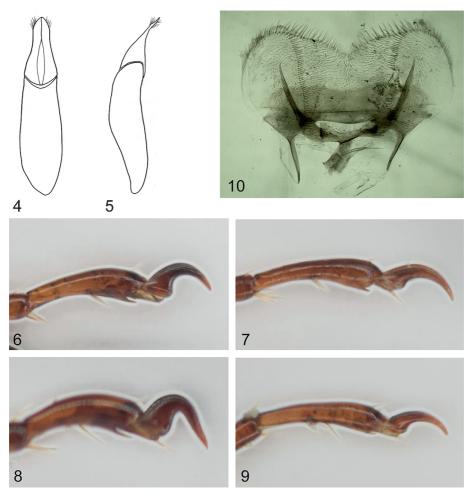
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Figs 1-3: Odontacrossus esseri (1) facies (male, dorsal); (2) facies (male, ventral); (3) facies (male).



Figs 4-10: Odontacrossus esseri (4-6, 10), O. obenbergeri (7), O. pseudoobenbergeri (8), and O. trisuliensis (9): 4 – aedeagus (dorsal view); 5 – aedeagus (lateral view); 6-9 – claws; 10 – epipharynx.

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Zeitschrift/Journal: Linzer biologische Beiträge

Jahr/Year: 2018

Band/Volume: 0050_2

Autor(en)/Author(s): Bellmann Axel

Artikel/Article: A new species of Odontacrossus DELLACASA, KRÁL, DELLACASA

& BORDAT, 2014 (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae: Aphodiinae) 1055-1059